

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED
ANNUAL REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

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C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION

Directors R K Limaye

N Wynne

Company secretary J P Higgins

Registered office Ash Road North
Wrexham Industrial Estate
Wrexham
LL13 9UF

Bankers National Westminster Bank Plc
33 Lord Street
Wrexham
LL11 1LP

Auditors Menzies LLP
Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditor
Lynton House
7-12 Tavistock Square
London
WC1H 9LT

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

The directors present their strategic report for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Principal activity

The principal activity of the company is the manufacture and sale of pharmaceuticals. The Statement of Comprehensive income for the year is set out on page 11.

Fair review of the business

The company has continued to be committed to significant capital investment in order to provide increased capacity in the Steriles manufacturing unit, from previous capacity of 15m units to an increased level of 35m units. As well as decreased unit costs, this will also provide a competitive edge to attract new contract business. The combination Vial/ Amp line was operational from August 2020 but has been exclusively leased to the Government as part of the contract for the company to supply 100m doses of Vaccine to combat the Coronavirus. Future capital investment will increase our capabilities further, with new packing and inspection lines to be installed during our July 2021 maintenance closedown.

Late 2021 will see the impact of the latest technology equipment and increased manufacturing volumes, significantly reducing costs per unit and thereby increasing the profitability of the company.

Although there is still some uncertainty with regards to the impact that Brexit may have on the business, there is also high confidence that as we provide medicinal product, our industry will be given a high priority as to what is required to ensure a continuous flow of products to patients.

The directors have great confidence in the strong growth prospects of the company.

The company's key financial and other performance indicators during the year were as follows:

	Unit	2021	2020
Turnover and other operating income	£'000	48,892	36,602
Gross Profit Ratio	%	72	66
Operating Profit Ratio	%	12	(2)
Profit / (Loss) Before Tax	£'000	5,800	(642)
Gross Profit/Operating Costs	Times	1	1
Net Current (Liabilities)/Assets exc debtors due over one year	£'000	(15,485)	(19,452)
Net Worth	£'000	17,814	14,875
Total Liabilities	£'000	51,923	47,514
Total Liabilities exc. Pension Deficit	£'000	51,923	47,514
Insolvency Ratio	%	34	31
Training Days	Days	985	137
Tonnes Carbon Emissions	Tonnes	3,876	3,884
Employee Attrition	%	16	12
Creditor Days	Days	85	80

Sales have increased in 2020/21 from £37m to £49m, (32%), predominately due to the £13m sales for supply of COVID vaccine.

The original contract with the Government covered the 12 months from August 2020 to July 2021. This has now been extended to July 2022.

The Net Worth of the Company has increased from £14.9m to £17.8m (20%). The Directors are confident that the Net Worth will continue to increase in future years.

The Company continues to provide opportunities to its employees for training and advancement in order to retain its best employees. The attrition ratio is higher than previous years, again reflecting the circumstances of the volatility of the impact of Coronavirus.

The Company continues to support the environment by proactively promoting both waste recycling and reduction of waste wherever possible and has been successful in maintaining previous year's level of carbon emissions whilst at the same time striving to reduce these levels for the future.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Principal risks and uncertainties

The Company has continued to efficiently manage its resources and maintain strong relationships with its customers and suppliers.

The Company has assessed the risk of COVID-19 to its business for the next 12 months and is confident that due to the critical requirement priority of its products, even though there has been some disruption to date, that it does not foresee any material impact to its expected performance for the next financial year, and that any current disruption will be of a timing impact only.

The performance of the Company is dependent on the cost effective management of operations. The management team reporting to the directors monitor and regulate the costs of running the business which will lead to reduce the impact of cost increases in various areas of operations. The directors have considered the risks facing the company and continually address these in order to minimise any future impact.

As disclosed in Note 23 to the financial statements the Company has contingent liabilities. Whilst the directors do not believe that any liability will arise, the outcome is uncertain.

Directors' statement of compliance with duty to promote the success of the Company

The Directors have complied with the requirements of S172 of the Companies Act 2006.

Although there has been logistical difficulties following exit from EU on 1st January 2021 these appear to have now dissipated as requirements and processes become more certain.

During the year the Directors conducted another Employee Engagement Survey (first undertaken in 2019/20) which indicated some areas of improvement for engagement. The Directors will work to increase the engagement score using the findings from the survey and will repeat the survey at appropriate frequencies.

During the global pandemic, the site (with all employees identified as key workers) continued to operate in a COVID secure environment. All health measures were successfully implemented to protect our employees and the supply of critical care medicine and COVID-19 vaccines. Examples of this are temperature monitoring, the provision of an on-site testing facility, the mandatory wearing of face coverings, social distancing etc. All employees who were able to operate from home were provided with the equipment to do so.

A learning Management system was implemented in mid-2020 in order to Digitise future learning and make more readily available to all. This will be improved further over the coming years.

The Directors conduct business with suppliers, customers and other stakeholders in line with the CP Pharmaceuticals Limited Code of Conduct, as reflected in our Anti-Corruption, Bribery and Modern Slavery Policy, ensuring that CP Pharmaceuticals Limited maintains the highest reputation for standards of conduct.

With regards to impact on the community and environment, CP Pharmaceuticals Limited mission is embodied in the following statement "We believe that by investing in our people we can always be confident that the needs of our customers are met. Therefore our mission is to offer an enriching environment for professional and personal growth for every employee with an open, participative culture that permeates each level of the organisation".

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

STRATEGIC REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Company employees


The company's policy is to consult and discuss with employees, through unions and at staff meetings, matters likely to affect employees' interests. Information on matters of concern to employees is given through briefings, reports and annual presentations. These seek to achieve a common awareness of the financial and economic factors affecting the Company's performance.

The company is committed to a policy of treating all its employees and job applicants equally. None shall receive less favourable treatment or consideration on the grounds of race, colour, religion, nationality, ethnic origin, sex, disability, sexual orientation or marital status or shall be disadvantaged by any conditions of employment that cannot be justified as necessary on operational grounds.

The company's equal opportunity policy covers employment of disabled persons. Full and fair consideration is given to all applications for employment by the company. Continued employment is encouraged for employees becoming disabled during service through training, adaptation of work practices and flexible working hours.

The company is in full compliance of statutory legislation with regard to all of the above.

Approved by the Board on ~~24 Jun 2021~~ and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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R K Limaye
Director

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Directors of the company

The directors who held office during the year were as follows:

R K Limaye

N Wynne

Dividends

The directors recommend a final dividend payment of £Nil be made in respect of the financial year ended 31 March 2021. This dividend has not been recognised as a liability in the financial statements.

Environmental matters - streamlined energy and carbon reporting

In accordance with the requirements of The Companies (Directors' Report) and Limited Liability Partnerships (Energy and Carbon Report) Regulations 2018 the Directors would like to disclose the following information for the year ended 31 March 2021.

Carbon emissions plus intensity ratio (as per regulations)

	2021	2021	2020	2020
	'000 kWh	tonnes CO ₂ e	'000 kWh	tonnes CO ₂ e
Scope 1 (direct emissions) - natural gas	9,399	1,728	9,065	1,667
Scope 2 (indirect emissions) - electricity	7,927	2,026	7,269	1,858
		2021		2020
		tonnes CO ₂ e/£m		tonnes CO ₂ e/£m
Intensity metric				
Scope 1 and 2 emissions/sales revenue		77		96

Methodologies used within the calculation

The Company has used the actual kWh data from the monthly invoices it receives and then applied the "Government conversion factors for company reporting" to calculate the CO₂e content.

Energy efficiency action taken in the year

In February 2020 the Company undertook discussions with an Energy Implementation Company whereby they would install "Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS)" and "Combined Heat and Power Equipment (CHP)". This was to provide protection against power outages from supply disruption and maximise energy usage whilst achieving the lowest energy baseload. The project is deferred due to the priority of vaccine manufacturing. Units have been hired to provide UPS support in the meantime. There is a continuous program of light replacement where older lighting is replaced with modern LED energy saving lighting.

Engagement with suppliers, customers and others

The Company values highly the relationship it has with both its Suppliers and Customers and undertakes regular interaction to balance the needs of the Company with the Suppliers/Customer needs. In particular, Long-Term Supply Contracts, Payment Terms acceptable to both parties, Requirement information well in advance of needs.

Information included in the Strategic Report

In accordance with section 414C(11) of the Companies Act 2006 (Strategic Report and Directors' Report) Regulations 2013 the Strategic Report preceding the Directors' Report includes information that would have formerly been included in the business review, the principal risks and uncertainties and future developments sections of the Directors' Report. Additionally, the Company believes that employees are one of the most important elements of a successful business and set out in the Strategic report how engagement with employees takes place. Additionally statements in relation to disabled persons are also provided in the Strategic Report.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Environmental, Social and Governance

	2021
Turnover (2019/20)	36,602
Turnover (2020/21)	48,892
Company cars	5
Car allowance	13
Mileage	5,459

Disclosure of information to the auditors

Each director has taken the steps that they ought to have taken as a director in order to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information. The directors confirm that there is no relevant information that they know of and of which they know the auditors are unaware.

Reappointment of auditors

The auditor, Menzies LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Approved by the Board on ^{24-Jun-2021}..... and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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R K Limaye
Director

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The directors are responsible for preparing the Strategic Report, Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and apply them consistently;
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards has been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of C P Pharmaceuticals Limited (the 'company') for the year ended 31 March 2021, which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet, Statement of Changes in Equity, and Notes to the Financial Statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards, including Financial Reporting Standard 102 The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 March 2021 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions relating to going concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the company's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least twelve months from when the original financial statements were authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other information

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Strategic Report and Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Strategic Report and Directors' Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

In the light of our knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Strategic Report and the Directors' Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Responsibilities of directors

As explained more fully in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities set out on page 7, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Irregularities, including fraud, are instances of non-compliance with laws and regulations. We design procedures in line with our responsibilities, outlined above, to detect material misstatements in respect of irregularities, including fraud. The extent to which our procedures are capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud is detailed below:

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

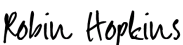
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

- Obtaining an understanding of the laws and regulations that are applicable to the Company, focusing on those laws and regulations that directly affect the financial statements, such as provisions of the UK Companies Act, pensions legislation and tax legislation or that had a fundamental effect on the operations of the Company, including compliance with Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency ("MHRA") requirements, employment law, health and safety, General Data Protection requirements, and Anti-bribery and corruption policy. We assessed the extent of compliance with these laws and regulations as part of our procedures on the related financial statement items.
- We understood how the Company is complying with those legal and regulatory frameworks by, making inquiries to management and those responsible for legal and compliance procedures. We corroborated our inquiries through our review of board minutes and through review of correspondence with MHRA.
- The engagement partner assessed whether the engagement team collectively had the appropriate competence and capabilities to identify or recognise non-compliance with laws and regulations. The assessment did not identify any issues in this area.
- We assessed the susceptibility of the Company's financial statements to material misstatement, including how fraud might occur. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:
 - identifying and assessing the design effectiveness of controls management has in place to prevent and detect fraud;
 - understanding how those charged with governance considered and addressed the potential for override of controls or other inappropriate influence over the financial reporting process;
 - challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in its significant accounting estimates; and
 - identifying and testing journal entries, in particular any journal entries posted with unusual account combinations.
- As a result of the above procedure, we considered the probabilities that may exist within the organisation for fraud and identified the following areas:
 - timing of revenue recognition;
 - posting of journal transactions.

A further description of our responsibilities is available on the Financial Reporting Council's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Use of this report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

DocuSigned by:

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Robin Hopkins FCA (Senior Statutory Auditor)
For and on behalf of Menzies LLP, Statutory Auditor

Lynton House
7-12 Tavistock Square
London
WC1H 9LT

24-Jun-2021
Date:.....

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Turnover	3	48,892	36,602
Cost of sales		<u>(13,943)</u>	<u>(12,429)</u>
Gross profit		34,949	24,173
Administrative expenses		(29,256)	(25,069)
Other operating income	4	<u>103</u>	<u>307</u>
Operating profit/(loss)	5	5,796	(589)
Other interest receivable and similar income		4	1
Interest payable and similar charges	9	<u>-</u>	<u>(54)</u>
Profit/(loss) before tax		5,800	(642)
Taxation	10	<u>(1,019)</u>	<u>1,410</u>
Profit for the financial year		<u><u>4,781</u></u>	<u><u>768</u></u>

The above results were derived from continuing operations.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Profit for the year		<u>4,781</u>	<u>768</u>
Actuarial losses on defined benefit pension scheme		(249)	238
Pension surplus not recognised		(2,013)	(1,198)
Movement of deferred tax relating to pension		<u>420</u>	<u>(144)</u>
		<u>(1,842)</u>	<u>(1,104)</u>
Total comprehensive income for the year		<u><u>2,939</u></u>	<u><u>(336)</u></u>

The notes on pages 15 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**(REGISTRATION NUMBER: 482106)
BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2021**

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	11	2,666	2,933
Tangible assets	12	<u>22,799</u>	<u>21,842</u>
		<u>25,465</u>	<u>24,775</u>
Current assets			
Stocks	13	9,344	8,189
Debtors: Amounts falling due within one year	14	26,092	16,863
Debtors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	14	7,834	9,562
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>1,002</u>	<u>3,000</u>
		44,272	37,614
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	16	<u>(51,923)</u>	<u>(47,504)</u>
Net current liabilities		<u>(7,651)</u>	<u>(9,890)</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		17,814	14,885
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	16	<u>-</u>	<u>(10)</u>
Net assets		<u>17,814</u>	<u>14,875</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	19	2,433	2,433
Profit and loss account	20	<u>15,381</u>	<u>12,442</u>
Total equity		<u>17,814</u>	<u>14,875</u>

Approved and authorised by the Board on 24-Jun-2021 and signed on its behalf by:

DocuSigned by:

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R K Limaye
 Director

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021**

	Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 April 2020	2,433	12,442	14,875
Profit for the year	-	4,781	4,781
Movements in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	-	(1,842)	(1,842)
Total comprehensive income	-	2,939	2,939
At 31 March 2021	<u>2,433</u>	<u>15,381</u>	<u>17,814</u>

	Share capital £ 000	Profit and loss account £ 000	Total £ 000
At 1 April 2019	2,433	12,778	15,211
Profit for the year	-	768	768
Movements in respect of defined benefit pension scheme	-	(1,104)	(1,104)
Total comprehensive income	-	(336)	(336)
At 31 March 2020	<u>2,433</u>	<u>12,442</u>	<u>14,875</u>

The notes on pages 15 to 32 form an integral part of these financial statements.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is:

Ash Road North
Wrexham Industrial Estate
Wrexham
LL13 9UF

2 Accounting policies

Statement of compliance

These financial statements were prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are presented in pound sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

The financial statements are rounded to the nearest thousand.

Summary of disclosure exemptions

The entity satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS102, its financial statements are consolidated into the financial statements of Wockhardt Limited which can be obtained from Wockhardt Limited, Wockhardt Towers, Bandra Kurla Complex, (Bandra East), Mumbai 400051, Maharashtra, India. As such, advantage has been taken of the following disclosure exemptions available under paragraph 1.12 of FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the Company.
- (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- (d) Disclosures in respect of share-based payments have not been presented.
- (e) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. The actual amounts and results could differ from those estimates. The judgements and estimates are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

Turnover

In the recognition of revenue in accordance with the accounting policy, management consider the detailed criteria for the revenue recognition from the sale of goods and, in particular, whether the company had transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods.

Deferred tax on trading losses

The Company has considered the carrying value of deferred tax assets and concluded that, based on management's estimates, sufficient taxable profits will be generated in future years to recover recognised deferred tax assets. The sufficient taxable profits considered include those of fellow UK group company, Wockhardt UK Limited, since group relief can be claimed by Wockhardt UK Limited on the losses brought forward up to the statutory limits available under current UK tax rules, and for which the Company has received written confirmation from Wockhardt UK Limited that it will be fully recompensed for all losses surrendered.

These estimates are partly based on forecast performance beyond the horizon for management's detailed plans. They have given regard to inherent uncertainties, such as COVID-19, Brexit and any potential change to the UK group companies who can claim relief.

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future end, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

Impairment of stocks and trade debtors

Management include impairment provisions for any potential obsolete stock or irrecoverable trade debtors which are estimated based on the age of the stock or trade debtors and provide fully against any known recoverable amounts.

Revenue recognition

Turnover represents the invoiced value of goods and services supplied, and is recorded net of trade discounts. Turnover is recognised when goods or services are supplied or made available to external customers against orders received, title and risk of loss is passed to the customer, reliable estimates can be made of relevant deductions and all relevant obligations have been fulfilled. Value added tax is excluded from turnover.

Government grants

Grants are accounted under the accruals model as permitted by FRS102. Grants relating to expenditure on tangible fixed assets are credited to the Statement of Comprehensive Income at the same rate as depreciation on the assets to which the grant relates. The deferred element of grants is included in creditors as deferred income.

Grants of a revenue nature are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income in the same period as the related expenditure.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****Foreign currency transactions and balances**

The Company's functional and presentational currency is GBP.

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the Statement of comprehensive income except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive income within 'other operating income'.

Research and development

Research and Development expenditure is written off in the year in which it is incurred.

Tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Tangible assets

Tangible fixed assets under the cost model are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to bringing the asset to the location and condition necessary for it to be capable of operating in the manner intended by management.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to allocate the cost of assets less their residual value over their estimated useful lives, using the straight-line method.

Asset class	Depreciation method and rate
Freehold land	Not depreciated
Freehold property	50 years straight line
Plant and machinery	10 years straight line
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	3-6 years straight line

The assets' residual values, useful lives and depreciation methods are reviewed, and adjusted prospectively if appropriate, or if there is an indication of a significant change since the last reporting date.

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with the carrying amount and are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Depreciation commences from the date that the asset is brought into use.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****Intangible assets**

Intangible assets are initially recognised at cost. After recognition, under the cost model, intangible assets are measured at cost less any accumulated amortisation and any accumulated impairment losses.

All intangible assets are considered to have a finite useful life. If a reliable estimate of the useful life cannot be made, the useful life shall not exceed 10 years.

Amortisation commences from the date that the asset is brought into use. The estimated useful life of the intangible asset recognised in the financial statements is 10 years, since this is the period over which the company will benefit from the asset.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition. Stock is turned around on a first out basis whilst the cost of stock is valued at moving weighted average price. Where necessary, provision is made for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

Leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Defined contribution pension obligation

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

When contributions are not expected to be settled wholly within 12 months of the end of the reporting date in which the employees render the related service, the liability is measured on a discounted present value basis. The unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period in which it arises.

Defined benefit pension obligation

The company recognises a defined net benefit pension asset or liability in the statement of financial position as the net total of the present value of its obligations and the fair value of plan assets out of which the obligations are to be settled. The defined benefit liability is measured on a discounted present value basis using a rate determined by reference to market yields at the reporting date on high quality corporate bonds. Defined benefit obligations and the related expenses are measured using the projected unit credit method. Plan surpluses are recognised as a defined benefit asset only to the extent that the surplus is recoverable either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan.

Changes in the net defined benefit asset or liability from employee service are recognised in profit or loss as a current service where it relates to services in the current period and as a past service cost where it relates to services in prior periods. Costs relating to plan introductions, benefit changes, curtailments and settlements are recognised in profit or loss in the period in which they occur.

Net interest is determined by multiplying the net defined benefit liability by the discount rate, both as determined at the start of the reporting period, taking account of any changes in the net defined benefit liability during the period as a result of contribution and benefit payments. Net interest is recognised in profit or loss.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****Financial instruments**

The Company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition of financial assets and liabilities like trade and other debtors and creditors, loans from banks and other third parties, loans to related parties and investments in ordinary shares.

Financial assets that are measured at cost and amortised cost are assessed at the end of each reporting period for objective evidence of impairment. If objective evidence of impairment is found, an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Statement of Financial Position when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Derivatives, including interest rate swaps and forward foreign change contracts, are not basic financial instruments. Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently re-measured at their fair value. Changes in the fair value of derivatives are recognised in profit or loss in finance costs or income as appropriate. The company does not currently apply hedge accounting for interest rate and foreign exchange derivatives.

3 Revenue

The analysis of the company's revenue for the year from continuing operations is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Sale of goods and services	<u>48,892</u>	<u>36,602</u>

The analysis of the company's turnover for the year by market is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Europe	48,880	35,162
Rest of world	<u>12</u>	<u>1,440</u>
	<u>48,892</u>	<u>36,602</u>

4 Other operating income

The analysis of the company's other operating income for the year is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Research and Development Expenditure (RDEC) credit	<u>103</u>	<u>307</u>

5 Operating profit

Arrived at after charging/(crediting):

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Research and development cost	1,111	338
Foreign exchange (gains)/losses	(76)	50
Other operating lease rentals	115	50
Impairment losses on stock	<u>15</u>	<u>1,420</u>

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****6 Auditors' remuneration**

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Audit of the financial statements	40	33
Other fees to auditors		
Audit-related assurance services	35	25
Taxation compliance services	5	7
All other tax advisory services	-	14
All other non-audit services	-	2
	<u>40</u>	<u>48</u>

7 Staff costs

The aggregate payroll costs (including directors' remuneration) were as follows:

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Wages and salaries	12,934	11,317
Social security costs	1,434	1,391
Pension costs, defined contribution scheme	739	619
	<u>15,107</u>	<u>13,327</u>

The average number of persons employed by the company (including directors) during the year, analysed by category was as follows:

	2021 No.	2020 No.
Production	338	284
Administration and support	42	46
	<u>380</u>	<u>330</u>

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****8 Directors' remuneration**

The directors' remuneration for the year was as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Remuneration	444	369
Contributions paid to money purchase schemes	45	43
	<u>489</u>	<u>412</u>

During the year the number of directors who were receiving benefits and share incentives was as follows:

	2021	2020
	No.	No.
Accruing benefits under money purchase pension scheme	<u>2</u>	<u>2</u>

In respect of the highest paid director:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Remuneration	287	247
Company contributions to money purchase pension schemes	<u>20</u>	<u>17</u>

9 Interest payable and similar expenses

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Interest on bank overdrafts and borrowings	<u>-</u>	<u>54</u>

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****10 Taxation**

Tax charged/(credited) in the profit and loss account

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Current taxation		
Group relief receivable	(179)	(315)
Deferred taxation		
Arising from origination and reversal of timing differences	1,275	(104)
Arising from changes in tax rates and laws	-	(991)
Arising from previously unrecognised tax loss, tax credit or temporary difference of prior periods	<u>(77)</u>	<u>-</u>
Total deferred taxation	<u>1,198</u>	<u>(1,095)</u>
Tax expense/(receipt) in the income statement	<u>1,019</u>	<u>(1,410)</u>

The tax on profit before tax for the year is lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK (2020 - lower than the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK) of 19% (2020 - 19%).

The differences are reconciled below:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Profit/(loss) before tax	<u>5,800</u>	<u>(642)</u>
Corporation tax at standard rate	1,102	(122)
Effect of expense not deductible in determining taxable profit (tax loss)	8	-
UK deferred tax credit relating to changes in tax rates or laws	(14)	(991)
Deferred tax credit from unrecognised temporary difference from a prior period	(77)	-
Other tax adjustment	<u>-</u>	<u>(297)</u>
Total tax charge/(credit)	<u>1,019</u>	<u>(1,410)</u>

Legislation was introduced in the Finance (no 2) 2015 reducing the rate to 19% from 1 April 2017 and in budget 2016 it was announced that this would further reduce to 17% from 1 April 2020. However, in Budget 2020, it was announced that the rate of corporation tax would be 19% from 1 April 2020 and also from 1 April 2021.

The deferred tax has therefore been provided at 19%.

In the budget of 3 March 2021, the Chancellor of the Exchequer announced that corporation tax rates will increase to 25% from April 2023. The inherent uncertainties over the timing of the reversal of the deferred tax asset in relation to losses mean that the Directors are unable to assess the impact of this change. The change may have a material impact in future years as the Directors detailed assessment and additional information reduce the uncertainties surrounding this change.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****Deferred tax**

Deferred tax assets and liabilities

2021	Asset £ 000
Accelerated capital allowances	(959)
Tax losses carried forward	9,723
Other timing differences	<u>20</u>
	<u><u>8,784</u></u>
2020	Asset £ 000
Accelerated capital allowances	(834)
Tax losses carried forward	10,377
Other timing differences	<u>19</u>
	<u><u>9,562</u></u>

The amount of the net reversal of deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities expected to occur during the year beginning after the reporting period is £950,000 (2020 - £Nil).

	Deferred tax £ 000
At 1 April 2020	9,562
Charged to profit or loss	(1,198)
Credited to other comprehensive income	<u>420</u>
At 31 March 2021	<u><u>8,784</u></u>

Tax relating to items recognised in other comprehensive income or equity

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Deferred tax related to items recognised as items of other comprehensive income	<u>420</u>	<u>(144)</u>

There were no factors that may affect future tax charges.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****11 Intangible assets**

	Development £ 000
Cost	
At 1 April 2020	3,087
Additions acquired separately	<u>45</u>
At 31 March 2021	<u>3,132</u>
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2020	154
Amortisation charge	<u>312</u>
At 31 March 2021	<u>466</u>
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2021	<u><u>2,666</u></u>
At 31 March 2020	<u><u>2,933</u></u>

Amortisation above is charged to the statement of comprehensive income under the heading "administrative expenses".

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****12 Tangible assets**

	Freehold property £ 000	Capital WIP £ 000	Plant and machinery £ 000	Fixtures and fittings £ 000	Other fixed assets £ 000	Total £ 000
Cost						
At 1 April 2020	4,972	13,797	16,587	3,431	9,712	48,499
Additions	-	1,940	940	164	-	3,044
Disposals	-	-	(16)	-	-	(16)
Transfers between asset classes	3,792	(13,268)	9,476	-	-	-
At 31 March 2021	<u>8,764</u>	<u>2,469</u>	<u>26,987</u>	<u>3,595</u>	<u>9,712</u>	<u>51,527</u>
Depreciation						
At 1 April 2020	3,262	-	13,467	2,640	7,288	26,657
Charge for the year	89	-	1,699	296	-	2,084
Eliminated on disposal	-	-	(13)	-	-	(13)
At 31 March 2021	<u>3,351</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>15,153</u>	<u>2,936</u>	<u>7,288</u>	<u>28,728</u>
Carrying amount						
At 31 March 2021	<u>5,413</u>	<u>2,469</u>	<u>11,834</u>	<u>659</u>	<u>2,424</u>	<u>22,799</u>
At 31 March 2020	<u>1,710</u>	<u>13,797</u>	<u>3,120</u>	<u>791</u>	<u>2,424</u>	<u>21,842</u>

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****Assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts**

The net carrying amount of tangible assets includes the following amounts in respect of assets held under finance leases and hire purchase contracts:

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Plant and machinery	<u>30</u>	<u>48</u>

13 Stocks

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Raw materials and consumables	5,294	5,863
Work in progress	2,207	1,611
Finished goods and goods for resale	<u>1,843</u>	<u>715</u>
	<u>9,344</u>	<u>8,189</u>

14 Debtors

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Trade debtors		11,378	1,397
Amounts owed by group undertakings		11,300	14,424
Other debtors		1,391	271
Prepayments and accrued income		593	314
Deferred tax assets	10	8,784	9,562
Corporation tax asset		<u>480</u>	<u>457</u>
		33,926	26,425
Less non-current portion		<u>(7,834)</u>	<u>(9,562)</u>
Total current trade and other debtors		<u>26,092</u>	<u>16,863</u>

Details of non-current trade and other debtors

£7,834,000 (2020 - £9,562,000) of deferred tax assets is classified as non-current.

15 Cash and cash equivalents

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Cash at bank	1,002	3,000
Bank overdrafts	<u>(23,624)</u>	<u>(21,009)</u>
	<u>(22,622)</u>	<u>(18,009)</u>

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****16 Creditors**

	Note	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	17	23,634	21,031
Trade creditors		6,134	5,757
Amounts owed to group undertakings		10,239	18,888
Social security and other taxes		2,064	745
Other creditors		118	100
Accrued expenses		1,819	983
Deferred income		7,915	-
		<u>51,923</u>	<u>47,504</u>
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	17	<u>-</u>	<u>10</u>

17 Loans and borrowings

	2021 £ 000	2020 £ 000
Current loans and borrowings		
Bank overdrafts	23,624	21,009
HP and finance lease liabilities	10	22
	<u>23,634</u>	<u>21,031</u>
Non-current loans and borrowings		
HP and finance lease liabilities	<u>-</u>	<u>10</u>

Finance leases and HP contracts are secured against the company's assets.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****18 Pension and other schemes****Defined contribution plans**

During the 12 month period, the company operated a defined contribution pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company in an independently administered fund. The pension cost charge represents contributions payable by the Company to the fund and amounted to £739k (2020 - £619k). The outstanding pension creditor at 31 March 2021 of £118k (2020 - £100k) is shown within other creditors.

Defined benefit pension schemes

The Company operates a funded defined pension scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the Company.

The Scheme closed to new entrants at the end of February 2004 and all pension accruals ceased on that date. The current service costs will increase as members approach retirement.

The liabilities set out in this note have been calculated based on the preliminary results of the full Scheme Funding Assessment as of 30 September 2018, updated to 31 March 2021, allowing for benefits paid. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and the related past service costs were measured using the projected unit credit method.

The disclosures set out below are based on calculations carried out as at 31 March 2021 by an independent qualified actuary, Capita. The result of the calculations and the major assumptions are included in this note.

The total cost relating to defined benefit schemes for the year recognised in profit or loss as an expense was £46,000 (2020 - income of £(1,000)).

The total cost relating to defined benefit schemes for the year included in the cost of an asset was £Nil (2020 - £Nil).

Reconciliation of scheme assets and liabilities to assets and liabilities recognised

The amounts recognised in the statement of financial position are as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Fair value of scheme assets	50,010	40,501
Present value of defined benefit obligation	<u>(46,845)</u>	<u>(39,303)</u>
	3,165	1,198
Other amounts not recognised in the statement of financial position	<u>(3,165)</u>	<u>(1,198)</u>
Defined benefit pension scheme surplus/(deficit)	<u><u>-</u></u>	<u><u>-</u></u>

In accordance with FRS 102 28.22 the company only recognises a plan surplus as a defined benefit plan asset to the extent that it is able to recover the surplus either through reduced contributions in the future or through refunds from the plan. The company has concluded that under the current scheme rules it has neither the ability to recover the surplus through reduced contributions nor does it have an unconditional right to the surplus assets of the scheme, which impacts on the company's ability to recover the surplus through a refund.

As a result of careful consideration of the above, the directors concluded that it is not appropriate to recognise a surplus and restricted the value of the pension scheme to £Nil in the financial statements.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021*****Defined benefit obligation***

Changes in the defined benefit obligation are as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Present value at start of year	39,303	42,206
Past service cost	46	-
Interest cost	853	1,005
Actuarial gains and losses	7,748	(3,239)
Benefits paid	<u>(1,105)</u>	<u>(669)</u>
Present value at end of year	<u><u>46,845</u></u>	<u><u>39,303</u></u>

Fair value of scheme assets

Changes in the fair value of scheme assets are as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Fair value at start of year	40,501	41,354
Interest income	903	1,006
Return on plan assets, excluding amounts included in interest income/(expense)	7,499	(3,001)
Employer contributions	2,212	1,811
Benefits paid	<u>(1,105)</u>	<u>(669)</u>
Fair value at end of year	<u><u>50,010</u></u>	<u><u>40,501</u></u>

Analysis of assets

The major categories of scheme assets are as follows:

	2021	2020
	%	%
Equity instruments	48.1	46.9
Debt instruments	10.2	10.0
Annuity policy	17.9	21.0
Other assets	23.8	22.1

Return on scheme assets

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Return on scheme assets	<u><u>8,402</u></u>	<u><u>(1,995)</u></u>

The pension scheme has not invested in any of the company's own financial instruments or in properties or other assets used by the company.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED**NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021****Principal actuarial assumptions**

The principal actuarial assumptions at the statement of financial position date are as follows:

	2021	2020
	%	%
Discount rate	1.95	2.20
Future pension increases	3.30	2.60
Inflation	<u>2.55</u>	<u>1.60</u>

Post retirement mortality assumptions

	2021	2020
	Years	Years
Current UK pensioners at retirement age - male	22.00	21.00
Current UK pensioners at retirement age - female	24.00	24.00
Future UK pensioners at retirement age - male	23.00	23.00
Future UK pensioners at retirement age - female	<u>25.00</u>	<u>25.00</u>

19 Share capital**Allotted, called up and fully paid shares**

	2021		2020	
	No. 000	£ 000	No. 000	£ 000
Ordinary shares of £1 each	570	570	570	570
Ordinary Class A shares of £1 each	<u>1,863</u>	<u>1,863</u>	<u>1,863</u>	<u>1,863</u>
	<u>2,433</u>	<u>2,433</u>	<u>2,433</u>	<u>2,433</u>

Rights, preferences and restrictions

Both classes of shares above confer the same rights.

20 Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

21 Obligations under leases and hire purchase contracts**Finance leases**

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

	2021	2020
	£ 000	£ 000
Not later than one year	10	23
Later than one year and not later than five years	<u>-</u>	<u>10</u>
	<u>10</u>	<u>33</u>

Finance leases and HP contracts are secured against the company's assets.

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

22 Commitments

Capital commitments

Tangible and Intangible assets

The total amount contracted for but not provided in the financial statements was £995,000 (2020 - £675,000).

23 Contingent liabilities

The Company, together with Wockhardt UK Limited, Wockhardt UK Holdings Limited, Pinewood Healthcare Limited and Wallis Group Limited and its subsidiaries, have an unlimited cross-charge. As at 31 March 2021 this amounted to £23,622k (2020 - £21,009k).

The Company, along with others within Wockhardt Limited Group, acts as a joint guarantor to a facility agreement dated 27 June 2016 on behalf of Wockhardt Bio AG. The maximum liability is USD\$ 250m. The directors do not currently consider that any liability will arise.

24 Related party transactions

The Company is exempt under FRS102 paragraph 33.1A from disclosing related party transactions with entities that are part of the Wockhardt Bio AG group. Transactions and balances with other group companies within the Wockhardt Limited group are as follows:

As at 31 March 2021, the balance receivable from Wockhardt Limited by CP Pharmaceuticals Limited was £1,266k (2020 - £1,755k).

During the 12 months to 31 March 2021, CP Pharmaceuticals Limited made purchases of £32k (£5k GIT) (2020 - £11k, £80k GIT) from Wockhardt Limited.

During the 12 months to 31 March 2021, CP Pharmaceuticals Limited made recharges of £82k (2020 - £329k) and received recharges of £70k (2020 - £72k) from Wockhardt Limited.

As at 31 March 2021, the balance payable to Wallis Licensing Limited by CP Pharmaceuticals Limited was £2,716k (2020 - £2,715k). There were no transactions during the 12 months to 31 March 2021 (2020 - £Nil).

As at 31 March 2021, the balance payable to Wockhardt UK Holdings Limited was £7,315k (2020 - £Nil).

C P PHARMACEUTICALS LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

25 Parent and ultimate parent undertaking

The immediate parent company is Wockhardt Bio AG, a company incorporated in Switzerland. The results of the Company are included in the Wockhardt Bio AG consolidated financial statements, and this is the smallest group for which group accounts are drawn up. Group accounts are available to the public and can be obtained from:

Wockhardt Bio AG
Grafenauweg 6
6300 Zug
Switzerland

www.wockhardtbio.com/media/news.html

The ultimate parent company is Wockhardt Limited, a company incorporated in India. The results of the Company are included in the Wockhardt Limited consolidated financial statements, and this is the largest group for which group accounts are drawn up. Group accounts are available to the public and can be obtained from:

Wockhardt Limited
Wockhardt Towers
Bandra Kurla Complex, Bandra (East)
Mumbai 400051
Maharashtra, India

www.wockhardt.com/investor-connect/annual-reports.aspx

The ultimate controlling party is H F Khorakiwala and family. H F Korakiwala is chairman of Wockhardt Limited.